

Appl. No. 10/027,202  
Amdt. dated Mar. 3, 2004  
Reply to Office Action of Dec. 3, 2003

**Amendments to the Specification:**

Please replace the title of the application with the following amended title:

**GLOVE DONNING DELIVERY SYSTEM AND METHOD OF USING SAME**

Please delete the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 2.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 8, line 35 with the following amended paragraph:

An exemplary scrim reinforced material is described in U.S. Patent Number 4,001,472 to Thomas et al, which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety. In order to create a hand towel with acceptable bulk and absorbency, it is generally desirable to use high basis weight amounts of cellulosic material and/or to subject the product to bulking techniques such as creping or embossing, as shown in U.S. Patent Number 3,025,199, which is incorporated by reference in its entirety. As shown in Figure 1, such a nonwoven scrim-reinforced cellulosic material 10, is formed by any known method and apparatus, such as that described in U.S. Patent Number 2,842,202 to H.W. Hirschy, incorporated by reference in its entirety. The scrim material may be formed of either extruded polymeric materials or preformed polymeric materials. The warp and fill threads of the scrim 12 can be adhesively bonded together to form the scrim by any conventional means. The scrim employed can have from 1 to 12 or more threads per inch in each direction. Any conventionally employed strand/filamentous material, such as the synthetic polymers nylon, rayon, polyester, polyolefins such as polyethylene and polypropylene, and block copolymers, such as the ~~Kraton~~ **KRATON**® block copolymer series of polymers, can be employed for the scrim material. The denier can range for example, from about 20 to about 150. The cellulosic wadding 14 attached to the scrim, can be any of the conventionally known types and can comprise one or more plies. When more than two plies are utilized (either one on each side of the scrim, or multiple layers on top of each other), the individual plies are desirably independently interbonded by adhesive applied to a sufficient area of adjacent surfaces of the multiple plies to hold the plies together. As will be apparent to those skilled in the art, the adhesive will normally be applied in a discontinuous pattern so that the desired interbonding is achieved with a minimum of adhesive and without decreasing the flexibility of the multi-ply layer. The drier basis weight per ply may be in one embodiment between about 4 and 13 lbs/2880 sq/ ft. The cellulosic wadding can in one embodiment contain the ability to stretch from its original length, in the 10 to 150% ranges.

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Please replace the Abstract with the following amended Abstract.

A substrate includes a flexible substantially planar sheet of at least one layer. The layer has a front side and a back side with a donning agent associated with at least one side of the sheet. The donning agent is transferable from the sheet to an object or individual apart from the sheet. ~~A method of applying a donning agent to hands prior to donning elastomeric gloves includes the steps of washing the hands, and contacting the hands with a substrate that both simultaneously dries and transfers a donning agent to the hands.~~